Sputum Specimen Collection

Important Note: The best time to collect a specimen is in the morning, just after waking up.

Important Note: Make sure you are alone in a wellventilated room or outside with no one around, to avoid possible disease transmission through droplets.

food particles.

Rinse mouth with water.



Ensure mouth is clear of any



ready to produce a sputum. Inhale and exhale repeatedly 3 times to full lung capacity.

Only open the container when

4

5

6

Exhale the air with an explosive cough. This should produce mucus from the lungs that can be expectorated into the container.

Saliva or nasal discharge is not an adequate specimen. Make sure to expectorate into the container without contaminating the outside. Required volume of sputum is 1 mL or more.

Tightly close the container and give it to the healthcare provider.





х3

Spit water out.



© 2021 Cepheid. All rights reserved.

2

3



In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device. May not be available in all countries Not available in the United States.

302-5630, Rev. A February 2021

Patient Assistance for Sputum Specimen Collection

Materials for sputum collection:

- 1 Clean glass and drinking water
- 2 0.5% chlorine solution prepared that day
- 3 Sputum container with screw top lid
- 4 Permanent marker to identify sample
- 5 Tray for transporting collection tools





Personal Protective Equipment:

- 1 Face shield or goggles
- 2 Face mask
- 3 Long-sleeved, cuffed gown
- 4 Disposable gloves
- 5 Closed-toed shoes

Assisting the patient:

See reverse of document for the collection steps.

Insist on biosafety recommendations and emphasize disease transmission risks to patient.

S th

2

3

4

5

Stand behind the patient when collecting the sample to minimize droplet exposure.

Once the sputum container is closed, disinfect the outside of the sputum container with 0.5% chlorine solution on a piece of gauze.

Discard gauze and gloves into the biohazard container.

Bring the sample to the GeneXpert to run the test.



